TUSSOCK SEDGE

LIGHT

Give Carex stricta sun to partial shade. Its arching green leaves form substantial mounds suited to moist naturalistic plantings.

WATER

Keep the root zone moist to wet. This sedge tolerates seasonal flooding and is suitable near a water line; avoid letting newly planted roots dry out.

SOIL & PLANTING

Choose a low, moisture-retentive area, rain garden or pond margin with room for spreading rhizomes. Set the crown at its original level rather than burying the tussock.

FEEDING

Little feeding is needed in a suitable garden site. If growth is poor, check water conditions first and use modest fertilizer only when indicated. Avoid excess nitrogen.

SEASONAL CARE

Leave old growth for winter structure and wildlife cover where practical. Remove collapsed dead foliage in early spring before new leaves extend. Divide or reduce expanding clumps when needed.

HELPFUL TIPS

Growth varies with conditions: wet sites encourage dense tussocks, while drier sites can encourage spreading. Allow adequate space and contain unwanted expansion. Blue woodland sedges and dry-site Carex species require separate planting and watering advice.