



SPIDER PLANT CARE GUIDE

Known for their long leaf blades, vigorous growth pattern and spider-like appearance, these plants are often overlooked and dismissed in regards to their care. They are among the most adaptable houseplants and can bring in an element of grace to any tabletop or window with its gently arched leaves within a hanging basket or macrame hanger. Like all houseplants, they need our love and care to get them there!

LIGHTING

The Spider Plant can take a wide range of lighting conditions, but they tend to prefer a bright indirect light with a few hours of direct, if possible. The more light the plant receives, the faster the leaves will grow and the bolder the stripes and variegation will be! Avoid direct sunlight at its highest intensity. Otherwise, you may see signs of bleaching or leaf burn.

WATERING

Due to their thick, prolific root systems, Spider Plants can tolerate short periods of dryness. Water your plant once the soil is mostly dry. When you've let the soil dry out for too long, your plant will not hesitate to tell you that they are thirsty! With most variations of Spider Plant, the foliage will droop, curl, crisp, yellow, and oftentimes turn a silver or gray-toned green that displays their lack of vibrancy...and dramatic nature.

SOIL

Spider Plants are very easy when it comes to the type of soil that they are grown in. You can often get away with using a basic pre-mixed soil, but adding a chunkiness with Orchid Bark will help keep the roots properly aerated. Adding water-retentive amendments, like peat moss or coco coir, will also help with moisture and nutrient intake.

HUMIDITY

While normal household humidity will be good for your Spider Plant, they will truly thrive in a moderate to high humid indoor climate. Be sure to avoid any hot and dry areas of the home, and keep in a stable environment, like a bright kitchen or bathroom where they can benefit from external sources of moisture. They will also enjoy being misted every couple of days. The ideal temperature is 60° F to 80° F.

FERTILIZING

Due to being a light feeder, Spider Plants can be fertilized once to twice a month during the warm months. Any all-purpose fertilizer for houseplants will suffice.