BLUE WOODLAND SEDGES

LIGHT

Choose dappled or partial shade. This guide covers Carex laxiculmis, including Bunny Blue Hobb, and Carex flaccosperma. Avoid harsh sun where roots may dry.

WATER

Keep soil evenly moist, especially for blue wood sedge, C. flaccosperma. Established laxiculmis tolerates some dryness, but neither should be treated as a dry prairie grass.

SOIL & PLANTING

Plant in humus-rich, well-drained woodland soil at the original crown depth. These low sedges suit shade borders, edging and moist groundcover plantings. Keep mulch off the leaf bases.

FEEDING

Use modest fertility. A light organic topdressing is usually adequate; avoid heavy fertilizer that produces excessive soft growth.

SEASONAL CARE

Retain healthy leaves through winter where they persist. In early spring, remove brown or damaged blades carefully before new growth lengthens. Do not automatically scalp the clump like a dormant ornamental grass.

HELPFUL TIPS

Blue-green color is best appreciated near paths. Check the tag for winter suitability, especially in exposed containers. Tussock sedge needs a separate wet-site guide, and Japanese or dry-woodland sedges should not be grouped here without review.