



For the joy of gardening!

Estabrook's

CLUSTERED BELLFLOWER CARE

LIGHT

Clustered bellflower (*Campanula glomerata*) grows well in full sun to partial shade. Its upright stems carry dense clusters of flowers above leafy clumps. Height varies widely among cultivars, so position plants using the label and provide enough light for sturdy stems.

WATER

Water thoroughly after planting, then maintain moderate soil moisture through establishment. During extended drought, give a deep soak rather than frequent light sprinkling. Avoid constantly saturated roots. Morning watering at soil level helps keep foliage from staying wet overnight.

SOIL & PLANTING

Use average, well-drained garden soil and plant at nursery depth. Leave room for rhizomes to expand. Keep mulch clear of the crown and avoid a site that remains wet in winter. In crowded borders, allow air to move between stems.

FEEDING

A light spring feeding is enough where soil is poor. Follow the fertilizer label and avoid repeated heavy applications, which can encourage soft growth. Compost should improve the soil around plants without burying their crowns.

SEASONAL CARE

Remove faded flower heads to limit seed and maintain a tidy display. Leave healthy leaves until they decline. Divide crowded colonies in spring or early fall when needed, replanting vigorous sections and watering until rooted. Tall selections may need unobtrusive support in exposed locations.

HELPFUL TIPS

Monitor spreading rhizomes near smaller plants and remove unwanted growth promptly. This is a perennial bellflower, unlike biennial Canterbury bells. Watch for slugs, snails, leaf spots, mildew or rust. Check the soil before responding to yellow leaves with extra water; poor drainage can cause similar symptoms.